



Inclusive Green Finance Global Trends & Good Practice





15 September 2022

Speaker:

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Part of the Green Inclusive and Climate Smart Finance Action Group (GICSF-AG) webinar series

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The GICSF Action Group

The Green Inclusive and Climate Smart Finance Action Group (GICSF-AG) is a **unique** multi-stakeholder think-tank for environmentally responsible inclusive finance

OBJECTIVES

- Discuss current challenges and strategies in green inclusive finance
- Improve knowledge and actions of inclusive finance actors on environmental issues
- Enhance cooperation among green inclusive finance actors
- Increase international attention on green inclusive finance
- Develop dedicated tools, recognized as "standard" by the inclusive finance sector, to support green inclusive finance
- Publicize and disseminate its findings
- Enhance the interest and concrete commitment of all actors (MFIs, investors, etc.)
 in green inclusive finance

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Members

Launched in February 2013 in Berlin and hosted by the European Microfinance Platform (e-MFP), the GICSF-AG has **150+ members** with different levels of engagement, affiliated with **75+** institutions, including:

ADA, Advision Finance, Agora, Alterfin, Antwerp University- IOB, Babyloan, BBVAMF, BFC, BIO, BNP Paribas, Cerise, Clarmondial, COFIDES, Digital Frontiers Institute, Envest Microfinance, ESAF, European Microfinance Network, KIVA, FDL, GAWA Capital, Global Environment Facility, Grameen Crédit Agricole MF Foundation, HEDERA, IFAD, IFU, ILO, Inpulse, LMDF, MAIN, MFC, MFR, MicroEnergy International, Microfinanza Srl, M-CRIL, myclimate, Sparkassenstiftung, Nitlapan, Palladium Europe, PAMIGA, reNature, SIDI, SOS Faim Belgium, Triple Jump, Univ. Bergamo, Univ. Genève, Univ. Lux, Rabo Foundation, RFR, REDCAMIF, ULB-CERMi, UNCDF, SPTF, World Bank, YAPU Solutions

Coordinated by the GICSF-AG Heads:

- Natalia Realpe Carrillo, HEDERA & IASS Potsdam
- Davide Forcella, JuST Institute & CERMi









GICSF-AG Website: https://e-mfp.eu/gicsf-ag



Green Index: Assessing
Environmental
Performance



Trainings & Workshops



Publications & Online Library



Ongoing Activities



Webinars



Definitions, Tools & Initiatives



Events



Podcasts









https://www.e-mfp.eu/green-index

Developed by the e-MFP GICSF-AG

Aligned with:

- International initiatives
- USSEPM Dim 7, co-developed with SPTF & CERISE





GREEN INDEX 3.0 Digital Solution



- The GICSF-AG is pleased to provide an online digital solution for the Green Index 3.0! The tool is publicly available and free of charge for everyone, to be used for data collection or training
- The Green Index 3.0 digital tool has been developed by HEDERA, IT partner of the GICSF-AG (https://hedera.online/)

https://hedera.online/gicsf ag tools/green-index-digital.html





The digital tool for the Green Index 3.0 has been conceptualized by Davide Forcella, Natalia Realpe Carrillo, and Alfonso Caiazzo and developed by Alfonso Caiazzo (HEDERA) as a service for the GICSF-AG





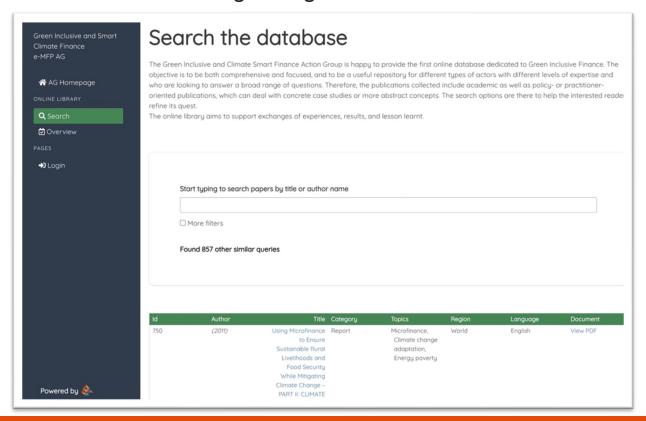
Green Inclusive Finance Online Library



 Online library dedicated exclusively to green inclusive finance, publicly available, containing 500+ documents and growing!

https://gicsf-ag.hedera.online

Do you have a publication that should be there?
Send it to us to share with the sector!





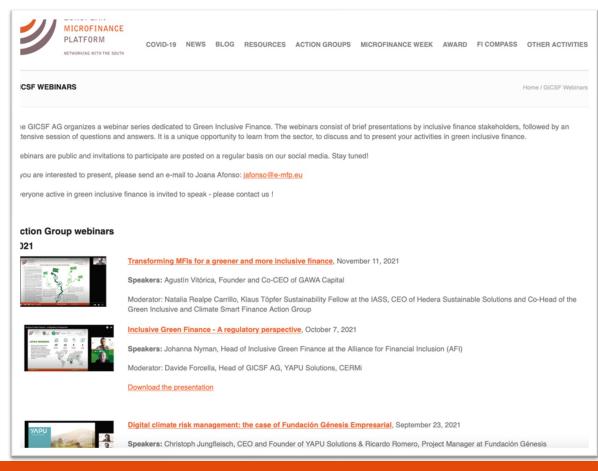


Monthly Webinar Series on Green Inclusive Finance



- Webinar videos and presentations available online
- Best practices in the sector
- 20+ webinars!
- Over 2000 attendees!

https://www.e-mfp.eu/gicsf-webinars







Training on Green Inclusive Finance



https://www.e-mfp.eu/gicsf-trainings-workshops

Interested in attending a training?
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- 1. Green Inclusive Finance
 - 2. Green Strategy
- 3. Assessment & Management of Vulnerabilities
- 4. Assessment & Management of Negative Environmental Impacts
 - 5. Green Financial and Non-Financial Products and Services
 - 6. Green Inclusive Finance and Gender
- 7. Green Inclusive Finance and Digitization

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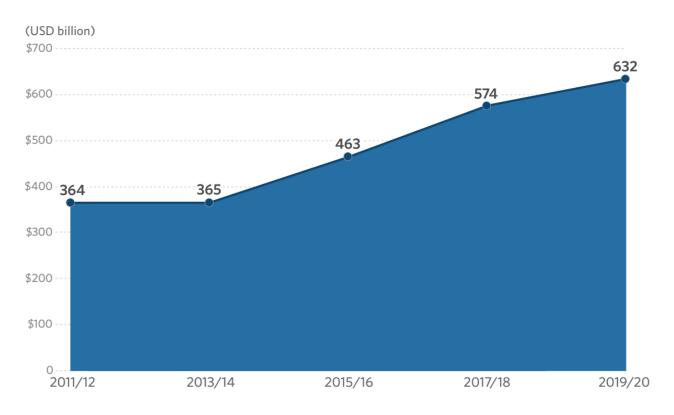
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Total climate finance flows over the last decade



Rate of increase slowing 24% 2015/16 to 2017/18 10% 2017/18 to 2019/20

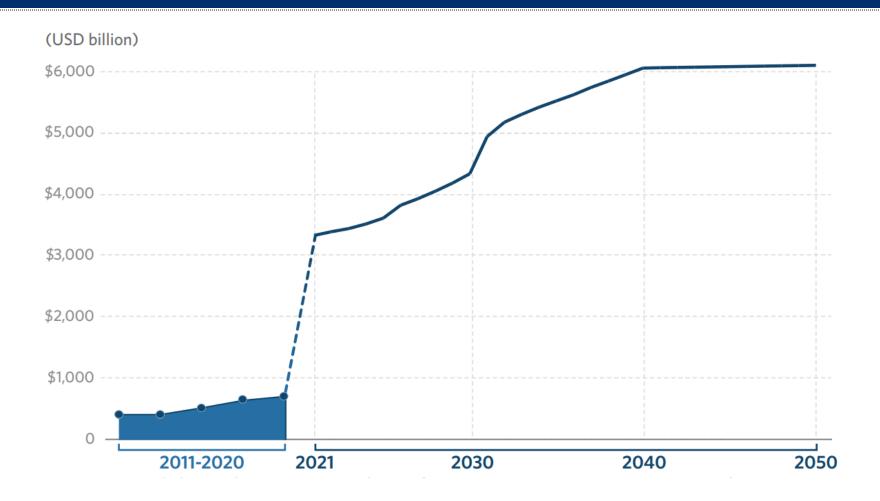
COVID19's impact on climate finance yet to be fully observed

Outlook is CF may stabilize or even decline as a result of COVID19 and Ukraine war





Total climate finance flows vs needs





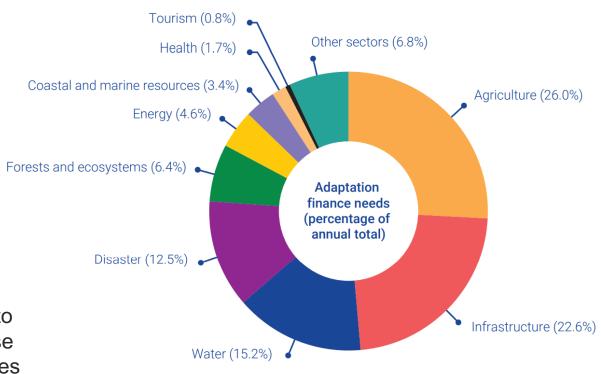
Climate finance needs in AFOLU

UNEP estimate of **annual** adaptation needs in developing economies

- \$155 to \$330 bn by 2030
- \$310 to \$555 bn by 2050

Overall financial needs of smallscale producers in developing countries at about \$240 bn annually

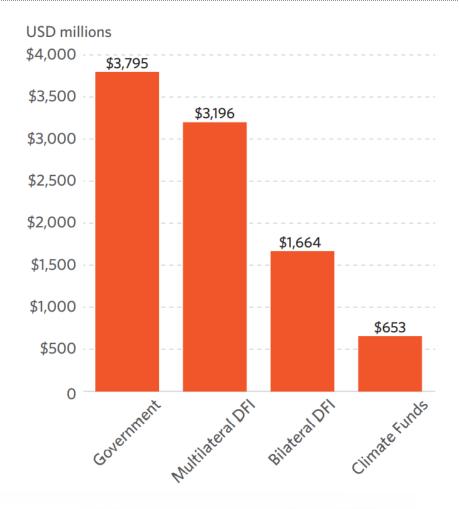
\$300 to 350 bn required to transition to sustainable food systems and land use while addressing climate change issues



Transforming food systems so they survive and thrive under climate change demands USD 1.3 trillion in investment every year over the next three decades



Climate finance to small-scale ag sector (2017/2018)







95% of CF to small-scale ag represented by public international finance flows

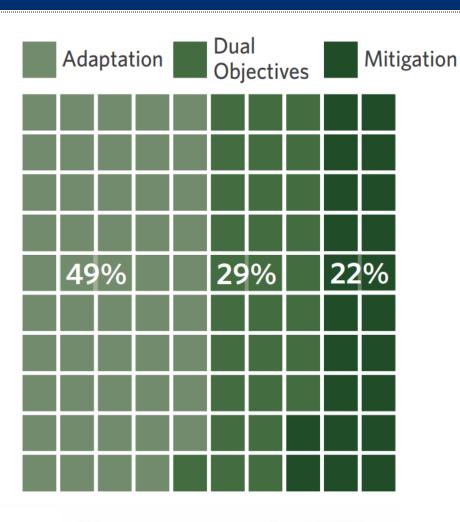
- 50% grants
- 33% concessional debt
- 16% non-concessional

Grants and concessional debt have potential to tackle some of the main barriers to finance

- capacity building to bridge the knowledge gap for the adoption of CSA practices
- de-risking or first-loss tranches to blended finance instruments to catalyze private investments

Public actors also invest project level equity and balance sheet financing in funds aimed at small-scale agriculture

Climate finance to small-scale ag sector (2017/18)



CF for small-scale ag has a more balanced distribution between adaptation and mitigation in comparison with total CF finance

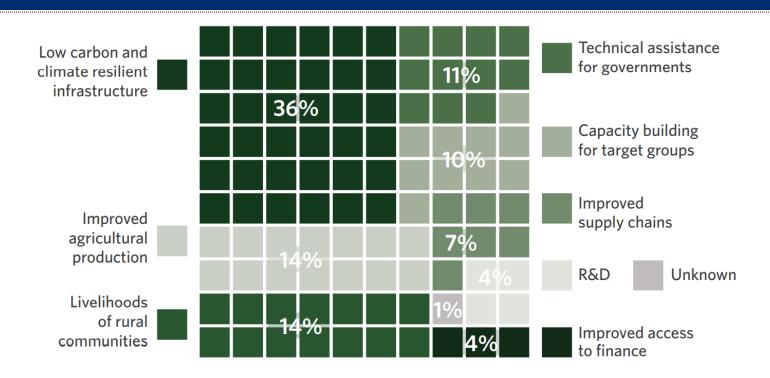
Reflects the increased vulnerability of small-scale producers and rural poor to climate change impacts

IFAD's CF adaptation to mitigation ratio is 90:10





Climate finance to small-scale ag sector (2017/18)

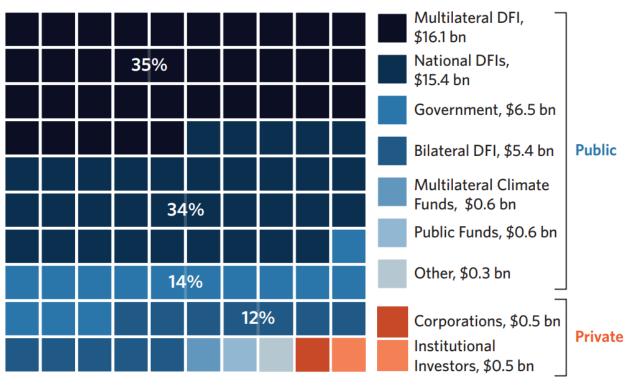


4% channeled through **domestic financial institutions** as intermediaries to facilitate credit lines and improved access to finance for small-scale producers and value chain actors. Further funding to financial institutions bundled with capacity building has the potential to produce transformative and scalable results





Adaptation finance (2019/2020)



Adaptation finance reached \$46 bn = 7% of total CF

↑ 53% from \$30 bn in 2017/18

Public

≈100% public

UNFP estimate annual adaptation costs in developing economies

- \$155 to \$330 bn by 2030
- \$310 to \$555 bn by 2050





Recap of key messages

- Level of investment needed in the small-scale ag sector runs in the hundreds of billions annually
- Funding gap for the sector is large and likely to widen
 - 2019/20 drop in CF to AFOLU is a concern, share of CF to small-scale ag may have dropped to potentially 1.1% of total CF
- Blended finance and private sector engagement instruments and mechanisms uptake and scale-up of is slow
- Growing climate risks require a step change in ambition, with increased ambition for international public climate finance and for overcoming barriers to private sector adaptation



Smallholder adaptation financing market development

Lessons learned from designing regional inclusive low emission and climate resilient agriculture smallholder finance programme



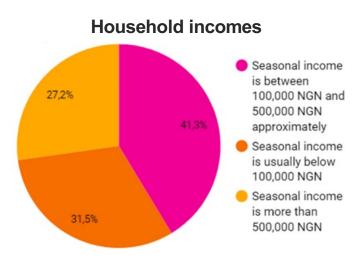
Limited Interest in Inclusive Green Finance

- Smallholders and green finance perceived as risky.
- Some financial institutions piloting climate finance (solar product loans, biogas, shade measures etc.)
- Lack of green finance market potential
- Lack of green finance know-how.

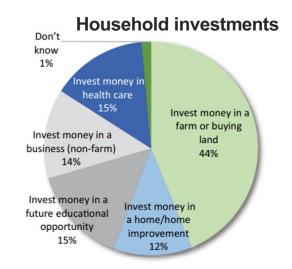


Demonstrate financial rational for smallholders

Understand household economics and finance



Source IFAD IGREENFIN 2 Feasibility Study, Nigeria 2021



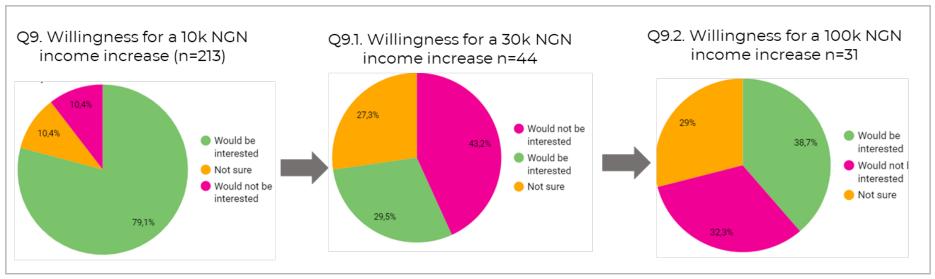
Sample: Smallholder farmers who say any investments are important, n=2,707

Source: CGAP Smallholder Survey, 2017



Demonstrate financial rational for smallholders

Understand household economics and finance



42% mentioned the lack of funds and 33% the lack of information on available technologies as major barriers to investment

Source IFAD IGREENFIN 2 Feasibility Study, Nigeria 2021



Demonstrate potential market

- 33 million rural poor smallholders farming households in Nigeria
- 33% Sufficient finance capacity, or 11 million smallholders
- 80% willing to take adaptation/ mitigation loan, or 8,8 million smallholders
- 400,000 NGN (~1,000 USD) average loan
- Potential smallholders green loan market 3.52 trillion NGN (8.8 billion USD).

Sources IFAD IGREENFIN 2 Feasibility Study, Nigeria 2021; and CGAP Smallholder Survey, 2017



Objective

Market analysis is consistent* & continuous**







^{*} same climate models & scenarios across all steps

^{**} output from one step serve as input for subsequent one

Adaptation categories & options

Increasing yield in a sustainable way requires more investments in climate change adaptation











Climate information









Risk transfer





Prioritization of Adaptation Options

Grade & Duration	1-year	3-year	5-year
Microfinance IRR > 24%	 Thin Crop Residue & Banana Pit (53.5% \$340) Zai (161.7% \$320) 	 Medium Crop Residue & Half-Moon (85.7% \$620) Thin Crop Residue & Half-Moon (143.1% \$1,260) Half-Moon (210.7% \$1,540) 	 Katumani (49.0% \$240) Windbreaker 150g & Half-Moon (33.1% \$1,370 sub.) Windbreaker 275g & Half-Moon (24.6% \$880 sub.)
Subsidized IRR > 9%		 Katumani (19.3% \$60) Windbreaker 150g & Half-Moon (13.9% \$420 sub.) Windbreaker 275g & Half-Moon (13.0% \$380 sub.) 	 Windbreaker 100g & Half-Moon (18.6% \$820 sub.) Windbreaker 40g & Banana Pit (19.9% \$730 sub.) Windbreaker 40g & Five-by-Nine Pit (18.7% \$680 sub.) In in Madobi (Kano State, Niger

Prioritization based on adaptation technology robustness/ profitability

- Investment grades defined according to supply & demand analysis
- Three maturities identified as relevant for investment purpose under IGF2: 1-, 3- and 5-year
- The simulation is based on about 2,900 individuals and packages of adaptation options
- In most cases analysed, few measures out of the 2900 show potential for commercial lending





NPV + IRR

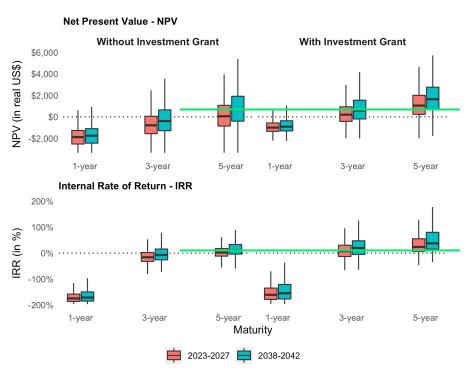


Figure 2: NPV and IRR of Windbreaker 100g & Half-Moon for maturities of 1, 3 and 5 years and two time periods centered around 2025 and 2040.

- The figure provides NPV (top) and IRR (bottom) without investment grant (left) and with (right)
- The NPV and IRR profiles are for the same three maturities
- This transforms the climate / agronomic / pedological assessment into a finance-focused representation





Demonstrate Loan Product Viability

Good practice development

- 1. Main agricultural activities and climate vulnerabilities
- 2. Projected climate variability and impacts production and farmer income
- 3. Available adaptation technologies
- 4. Financial return potential of adaptation technology
- 5. Can financial institutions provide credit given operating and finance cost structures?
- 6. Market segmentation by adaptation option priorities
- 7. Design product

Nigeria

95% of 33 million smallholders are growing mainly sorghum, maize, millet, rice, and cassava.

Without robust adaptation crop yield are projected to **detrimentally decrease** (e.g. -18% for cassava,)

2900 packages only ~150 have a positive median IRR – with the majority falling in the 0 to 9% IRR category. Each degree of finanacability.

- Microfinance grade (IRR > 22%);
- Commercial grade (IRR > 15%);
- Subsidized interest rate grade (IRR > 5%).

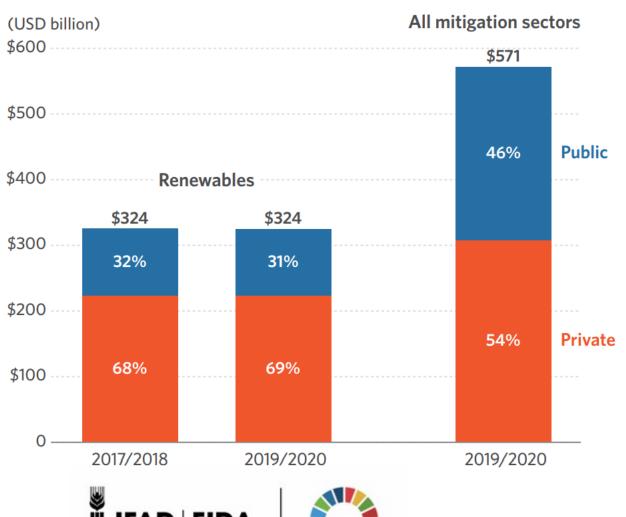
Given size of loans and required interest rates determine maturities, payment schedule, risk mitigation measures.







Mitigation finance (2019/2020)



Mitigation 90% of total CF

Renewables 57% of MF

MF in AFOLU \$8.1 bn (1.4% of MF)

- ≈100% public
- 84% multilateral and national DFIs
- \$3.4 bn forestry
- \$2.3 bn agriculture











An event organized by the Green Inclusive and Climate Smart Finance Action Group (AG-GICSF) Do you want to be a presenter or moderator in the webinar series? Please contact us:

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